Chapter 24 Questions

Core Test Question

1. Explain how a serious problem in the country can cause the political party in power to lose elections. Use the election of 1932 as an example.

2. Describe how Roosevelt’s New Deal legislation tried to solve the problems of the depression.

3. Describe the multiple perspectives of these groups toward the New Deal: Union members, African Americans, Mexican Americans, Native Americans, non-union white workers in cities and rural areas, and the wealthy.

4. Explain how Roosevelt’s New Deal legislation led to changes in the role of the federal government.

Supplemental Questions

1. Write the word or words for each lettered definition:
   A. a payment, not wages, made to someone who has met certain requirements.
   B. the money and property left by a person who dies.
   C. payments made to farmers by the government to make farmers’ income equal to middle-class incomes.
   D. a debt caused when a person or an organization spends more money that it collects.
   E. the process in which soil is washed away.

2. How were Roosevelt’s ideas different from those of Hitler and Stalin?

3. Explain how the CCC provided relief.

4. Explain how the Federal Emergency Relief Administration provided relief.

5. Explain how the Public Works Administration provided relief.

6. Explain how the Farm Credit Administration and the Home Owners Loan Corporation provided relief.

7. Explain two reasons why banks were in financial trouble.

8. What were two things the Emergency Banking Relief Bill was supposed to do?

9. What was the effect of the banking holiday, the Emergency Banking Relief Bill, and Roosevelt’s fireside chat?

10. Explain the problems that farmers had.
11. Why did the Agricultural Adjustment Act try to limit farm production?

12. Why did the Agricultural Adjustment Act give farms parity payments?

13. What was the effect of Agricultural Adjustment Act on the farmer’s income?

13. Under the NIRA, what three things did industry owners discuss and agree upon?

14. How did the National Industrial Recovery Act affect unions?

15. How did the New Deal provide for recovery to rural areas?

16. What does the FDIC do?

17. How did the Federal Trade Commission reform the sale of stocks?

18. How did the Securities and Exchange Commission reform the sale of stocks?

19. Name two effects of the New Deal legislation.

20. How did Huey Long’s organization want to share the wealth?

21. Why were Roosevelt supporters concerned about Huey Long’s popularity?

22. Why didn’t business people object when New Deal legislation was first passed?

23. Name three complaints business people had about Roosevelt’s New Deal policies.

24. Why was the Supreme Court opposed to New Deal legislation?

25. How did the Supreme Court affect New Deal efforts at relief, recovery, and reform?

26. Explain how the WPA provided relief.

27. How did the Wagner Act provide relief?

28. How did the Social Security Act provide relief?

29. Describe the coalition that supported Roosevelt in the 1936 presidential election.

30. Why did Roosevelt want to “pack the court”?

31. Why were Republicans and Democrats opposed to Roosevelt’s plan to pack the court?

32. Why did the Supreme Court begin ruling in favor of New Deal legislation?
33. Why did Roosevelt cut back spending on New Deal programs?

34. What was the result of decreased spending and increased difficulty businesses had in getting loans?

35. How did the National Housing Act provide relief?

36. What two things did the Fair Labor Standards Act establish?

37. Explain the second Agricultural Adjustment Act’s role in relief.

38. What caused the dust bowl?

39. Explain how the second Agricultural Adjustment Act provided recovery.

40. What are two reasons why no new New Deal legislation was passed after 1938?

41. At what time did the following events occur?
   A. The Civil War ended.
   B. Use of interchangeable parts began U.S. industrialization.
   C. 19th Amendment gives women the right to vote.
   D. How long ago did Native Americans come to North America?
   E. The United States Constitution was agreed to by most of the states.
   F. 14th and 15th Amendments give citizenship and voting rights to African Americans.
   G. Great Depression led to New Deal and increased government power.
   H. The Declaration of Independence was signed.
   I. World War I ended and made the United States a military and economic world power.